**Title for Your Submission**

Full name author A1, Full name author B1\*, Full name Author C2

1Affiliation with full address

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**\***Email: Email of the corresponding author (s)

**Abstract**

Abstract should be concise, and should include Problem statement, objective, methodology, results and discussion, and summary for research paper. The novelty or new finding of the research should be highlighted as well.

Keywords

Keyword 1, Keyword 2, Keyword 3, with not more than five keywords

**Introduction**

All the submission to INTI Journal has to be written in English, and has to be prepared in Microsoft Word document.

 The content of research paper is limited to 5 pages excluding references. For research paper, the content has to include abstract, introduction, methodology, results and discussion, and conclusion. The content of review paper is limited to 7 pages, excluding references. The content of review paper has to adhere to the topic of discussion.

 First paragraph of a section should start with indent shown in this paragraph. The text should be typed in Times New Roman 12 points. The section head should be typed in **Bold**.

 Second paragraph in each section should start with indent shown in in this paragraph. Please use APA format for all citation and references.

 Citations and References should be stated in APA format. For the first appearance, it can be stated as (Chong, Ser, Ooi, & Wong, 2018) or (Chong et al., 2018). (Chong et al., 2018) should be used after the first appearance of the citation. Two or more citations can be stated as (Teo & Wong, 2014; Wong, Lee, & Surif, 2013). The examples for the references are provided in reference section.

**Literature Review**

The literature review section of an article is critical for establishing the context and background of your research. It begins with a brief introduction that explains the importance of the research topic and outlines the scope of the literature to be reviewed. Organizing the literature either thematically or chronologically helps to group similar studies together, highlighting how they contribute to understanding the topic.

In this section, provide concise summaries of key studies, detailing their main findings, methodologies, and contributions to the field while also noting their strengths and limitations. It is essential to identify gaps and inconsistencies in the existing research, discussing emerging trends and new directions in the field. Clearly explain how the reviewed literature relates to your own research question or hypothesis, demonstrating how your study will build on or diverge from previous research. Ensure all sources are properly cited in the appropriate format, and include a comprehensive reference list at the end of your article.

**Methodology**

Methodology should be written systematically. The model of the equipment, the manufacturer or the supplier of the materials should be clearly stated, e.g. high performance liquid chromatography (1200, Agilent), NaOH was provided by Sigma-Aldrich.

All figures and tables should be labeled according to the sequence of 1, 2, 3. The caption for figures should be stated on the subsequent line right after the figures. The caption for the tables should be placed on the line right before the table. One level of subsection is allowed for methodology. Results or discussion should be not be stated in this section.



Figure 1. Example of the caption for the figure

Table 1. Example of the caption for the table

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Table 1 | Col 1 | Col 2 | Col 3 |
| 1 | Information A | Information B | Information C |
| 2 |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |  |

**Results and Discussion**

Results has to be tied to the methodology and objectives stated. Results should be stated in alignment with the sequence of the methodology. One level of subsection is allowed for Results and Discussion.

Discussion should be concise and related to the results. Novelty should be stated in discussion. A brief comparison with others’ research is highly recommended.

**Conclusion**

The conclusion of your article should provide a clear and concise summary of your findings and their implications. Start by restating the research problem or question addressed in the article, followed by a brief summary of the main objectives of the study. Highlight the key findings of your research, emphasizing their significance in relation to the research question. Discuss the practical and theoretical implications of your findings, explaining how your research contributes to the field and its potential impact. Acknowledge any limitations of your study that may affect the interpretation of the results and suggest how future research could address these limitations. Identify areas where further research is needed, proposing specific questions or topics for future studies. Conclude with a strong closing statement that reinforces the importance of your research, leaving the reader with a clear understanding of your study's contribution to the field.

**Acknowledgements**

Grant and fund providers should be acknowledged.

**References**

References should be stated in APA format, and should be arranged in alphabetical order. Abbreviations of journal names should be avoided. ***Please include the relevant DOIs (where available).***

*Example for journal:*

Teo, S. C., & Wong, L. S. (2014). Whole cell-based biosensors for environmental heavy metals detection. Annual Research & Review in Biology, 4(17), 2663-2674. DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.9734/ARRB/2014/9472>

Wong, L. S., Lee, Y. H., & Surif, S. (2013). Whole cell biosensor using Anabaena torulosa with optical transduction for environmental toxicity evaluation. Journal of Sensors, 2013, ID 567272. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1155/2013/567272>

*Example for book:*

Meriluoto, J., Spoof, L., & Codd, G. A. (2017). Handbook of Cyanobacterial Monitoring and Cyanotoxin Analysis: John Wiley & Sons. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1002/9781119068761>

Voet, D., Voet, J. G., & Pratt, C. W. (2012). Fundamental of Biochemistry: Life at the Molecular Level (4 ed.): Wiley.

*Example for conference paper:*

Matta, S., Kumar, M. P., Adia, N., Madrahimov, S., & Bergbreiter, D. (2018). Utilization of Iron Magnetic Nanoparticles for the extraction of oil from aqueous environments. Paper presented at the Qatar Foundation Annual Research Conference Proceedings. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.5339/qfarc.2018.EEPD360>

Wong, L. S., & Teo, S. C. (2014). Naturally occurring carotenoids in cyanobacteria as bioindicator for heavy metals detection. Paper presented at the International Conference on Advances in Applied Science and Environmental Engineering, Kuala Lumpur.

Revised: Aug2024